### Welcome to YHDP in Santa Clara County

Community Planning Meeting 1/11/2022

#### Meeting Agenda

01

Welcome

04

Governance

02

**Progress** 

**05** 

Wrap-Up

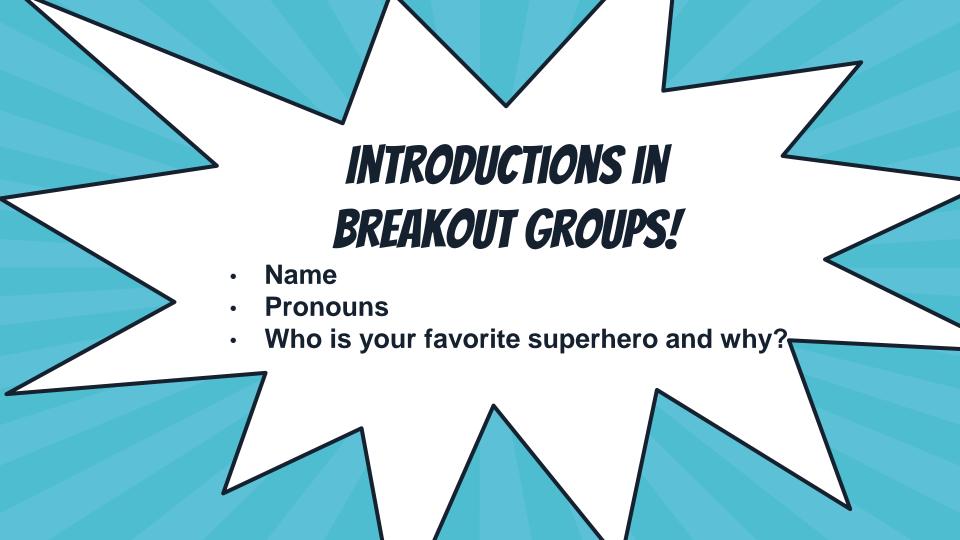
03

Statement of Need

06

Next Session





#### **YOUNG LEADERS**

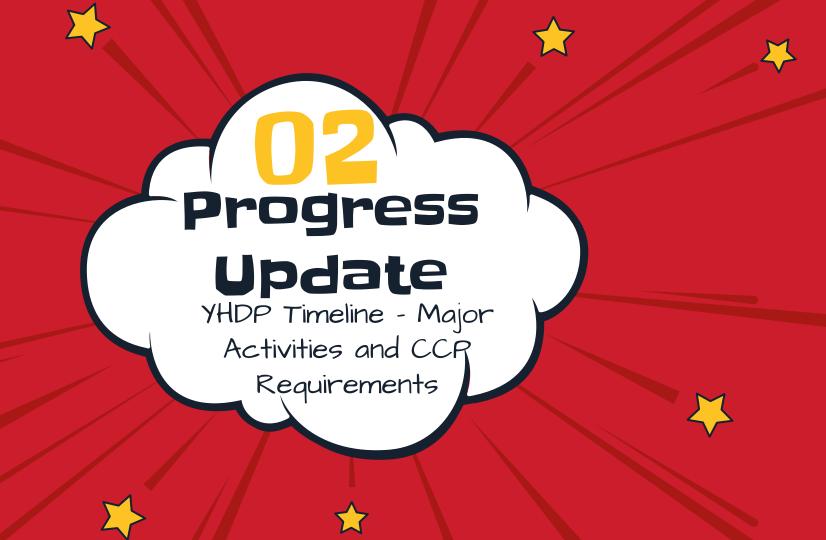
Connect with Jimmy to get your gift card stipend

# Community agreements and why they are important

In the meeting on Dec 7th we discussed what group agreements we would like to have together.

#### **Community Agreements**

- Create Authentic and Trusting Spaces for Young Leaders to Lead
- Take space, leave space
- Seek to understand both intent and impact.
- Push to think outside the box and inquire with grace and kindness
- Active participation & active listening.
- Talk about it and Be about it moving to action
- Conceive of call ins as an act of love and accountability
- Listen to understand and not just respond
- This is a community-led, collaborative decision-making process
  - Acknowledge & honor that equity conversations require emotional labor for people of color and LGBTQ folx.
  - Acknowledge & honor that there is emotional labor required of people with lived expertise in these conversations. *Use person first language*



#### **YHDP** Community Meetings

Dates	Topics and Status
December 7 <sup>th</sup> , 2021	Overview of YHDP basics and discussion on mission, vision, and values Completed – see <a href="here">here</a> for materials.
December 21st, 2021	Intro to authentic youth collaboration, review of listening session feedback, intro to statement of need Completed – see <a href="here">here</a> for materials.
January 11 <sup>th</sup> , 2022	Review of local data and discussion on the statement of need; intro to governance
January 25 <sup>th</sup> , 2022	YHDP goals and next steps

#### YHDP Activities and CCP Requirements

Topic	Activity Description and Outcomes	Timeline & Status
Mission/ Vision*	Completed group brainstorm activity to describe what it will look like to reduce or end youth homelessness	Discussed on 12/7; need to draft statement for CCP
Partnership List*	Identify partners and invite them to participate in YHDP planning	Established meetings; need to draft list for CCP
Statement of Need*	Pull and review relevant data and request cross-sector data; develop an annualized number for system modeling	Discussed on 12/21 and 1/11; then draft for CCP
Governance*	Present governance concepts and examples, current CoC governance, and YAB governance	Discussed on 1/11; then draft for CCP TODAY!
Goal Planning*	Group brainstorming activities to develop shared goals, objectives, and action steps	January 25 <sup>th</sup>
System Modeling	Introduce system planning concepts and envision an "ideal" system; build a system map and estimate housing and service needs for young people to reach housing stability	February
YHDP Project Design*	Use system modeling process to identify YHDP project priorities and develop descriptions of desired projects	March

CCP Deadline – March 15<sup>th</sup>, 2022 (or request extension)

Project Selection and ESnaps Submission Deadline – June 30<sup>th</sup>, 2022



#### What is a Statement of Need?



Describes the experiences of youth homelessness in your community and establishes the reasons why the community must work to prevent and end youth homelessness

### AT A MINIMUM, THE STATEMENT OF NEED MUST INCLUDE:

1. A numeric estimate for the following populations in the geographic area:

A) UNACCOMPANIED YOUTH AT RISK OF HOMELESSNESS B) UNACCOMPANIED YOUTH EXPERIENCING HOMELESSNESS

C) PREGNANT OR PARENTING YOUTH AT RISK OF HOMELESSNESS D) PREGNANT OR PARENTING YOUTH EXPERIENCING HOMELESSNESS

### AT A MINIMUM, THE STATEMENT OF NEED MUST INCLUDE:

2. A description of needs of at-risk or youth experiencing homelessness regarding:



C) EMPLOYMENT
D) SOCIAL & EMOTIONAL WELL-BEING

### Our Community: Santa Clara County



## A conversation grounded in Social Justice:

- A fair equitable distribution of power, resources, and obligations in society to all people, especially those from marginalized populations
- A Goal of finding sources of injustice and dismantling those barriers

#### Santa Clara County is Diverse

- County population:
   1,936,259 (2020 Census)
- The largest city, San
  Jose (half the
  population), is the
  IO<sup>th</sup> most populous city
  in the Country
- A large amount of the county's land area is unincorporated ranch and farmland, over 92% live in cities

#### SANTA CLARA COUNTY

39%

of all residents in

SCC are immigrants

-individuals born in

another country

60% of all children in

of all children in SCC have at least one immigrant parent 100

SCC residents, making SCC among one of the most diverse places in the world

140,000

approximate number of undocumented immigrants that reside in SCC 161,955

SCC residents living in mixed-status households

## 55% of residents speak languages other than English - (54.3%)

- 32.5% Spanish speakers
- 17.9% are Chinese speakers (Mandarin, Cantonese)
- 12.4% are Vietnamese speakers A

County of Santa Clara ranks 8<sup>th</sup> in California in the diversity index with a 69.7%
Top five religiously diverse counties in the country Racial and ethnic groups are generally concentrated in certain parts of SCC

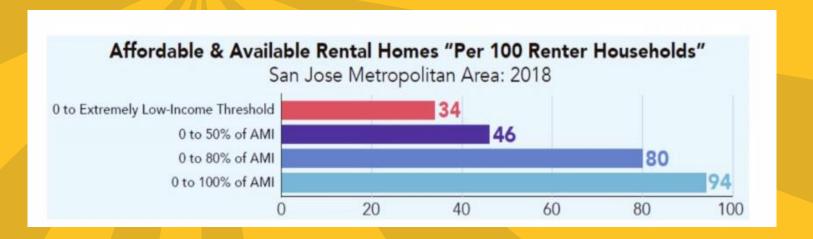
#### **Great Wealth**

- · The third highest GDP per capita in the world
- The most affluent county on the West Coast of the United States and the most affluent outside the Washington metropolitan area
- One of the highest Median incomes in the country - \$133,076 (Census Bureau ACS 5-year estimate, 2019)

### Large Inequalities

A family of four needs an annual income of \$138,742 to meet basic needs (Insight Center)

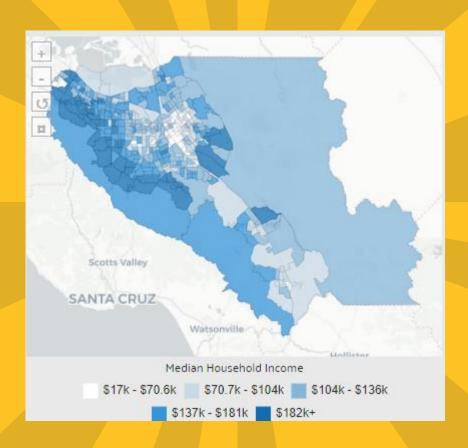
28% of households do not get paid enough to make ends meet Accounting for inflation, the cost of basic expenses rose by 23% between 2018 and 2021



#### Inequalities Cont'd

- Many Santa Clara County households fall below the self-sufficiency standard but may not fall below the FPL, so don't qualify for public assistance or subsidies
  - Households of color make up 66% of the total population in Santa Clara County but comprise 77% of the households struggling to meet their basic needs.

#### Inequalities Cont'd



- Fair Market Rate for rent in SCC is more
   expensive than 99% of the rest of the country
- East San Jose has some of the highest rates of lowincome residents
- Significant Education
   attainment disparities across
   race/ethnicity

#### **ECONOMIC GROWTH**

Economic growth in the Silicon Valley has failed to benefit low-income families, and the income gap within Santa Clara County has steadily increased.

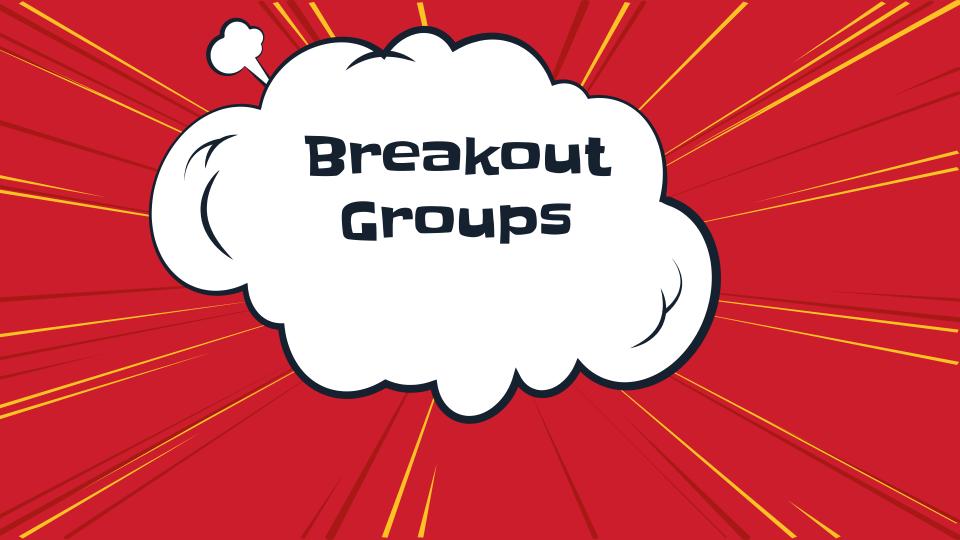


#### COVID Impact on the Community Plan 2020-2025

The COVID public health crisis has ground our local economy to a halt, leaving many more households on the brink of homelessness due to job loss, lack of childcare, and economic uncertainty.

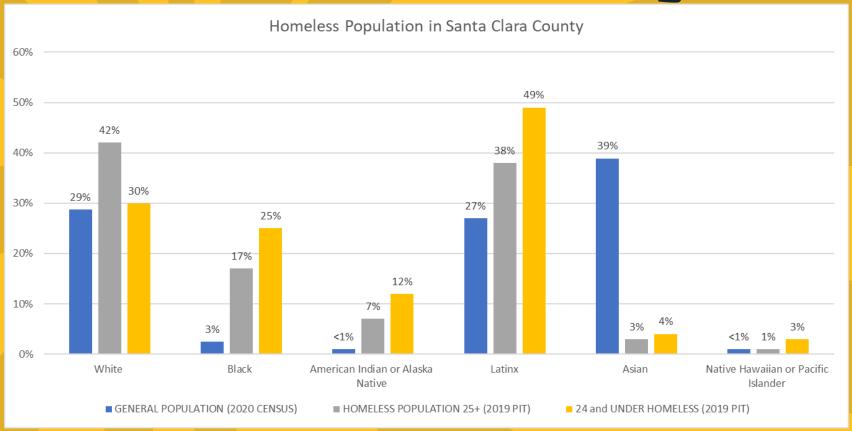
This income inequality has been further exacerbated by the economic slowdown pushing many into financial crisis and towards the edge of homelessness:

- Income declined by 2/3
  Average income: \$1,000/month. Average rent \$1,700/month
- Back rent owed averaged \$5,000





# Youth/Young Adult Homelessness in Santa Clara County



## Youth/Young Adult Homelessness in Santa Clara County

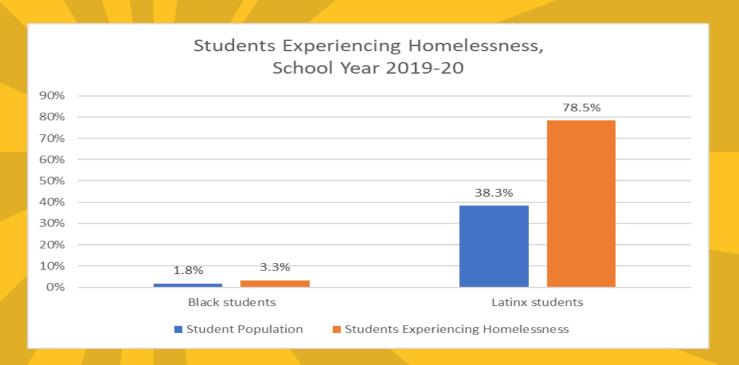
Youth/Young Adults in 2019 PIT Count:

- 1,876 youth identified in the 2019 PIT count (19% of the total homeless population of 9706)
- Homeless youth are 70% youth of color
- 30% identify as LGBTQ+
   9% identify as transgender or gender non-conforming
- 42% self reported a history of being in foster care
- 27% of youth in HMIS reported having been incarcerated before turning 18

#### Students Experiencing Homelessness

- McKinney-Vento expands the definition of homeless to include students who are living in temporary housing situations such as doubling up with family members, couch-surfing, or staying in a hotel.
- Kids in Common Report (The 2021 Santa Clara County Children's Data Book) indicates that in the school year 2019-2020, 2,899 students were identified as homeless
- · 2,276 of these students identified as Latinx

### Students Experiencing Homelessness



 Also, 44% of community college students that BWC surveyed indicated that they were homeless

#### 2019 PIT COUNT

95% youth identified in 2019
 PIT count were unsheltered.





#### Subpopulation\* Data\*



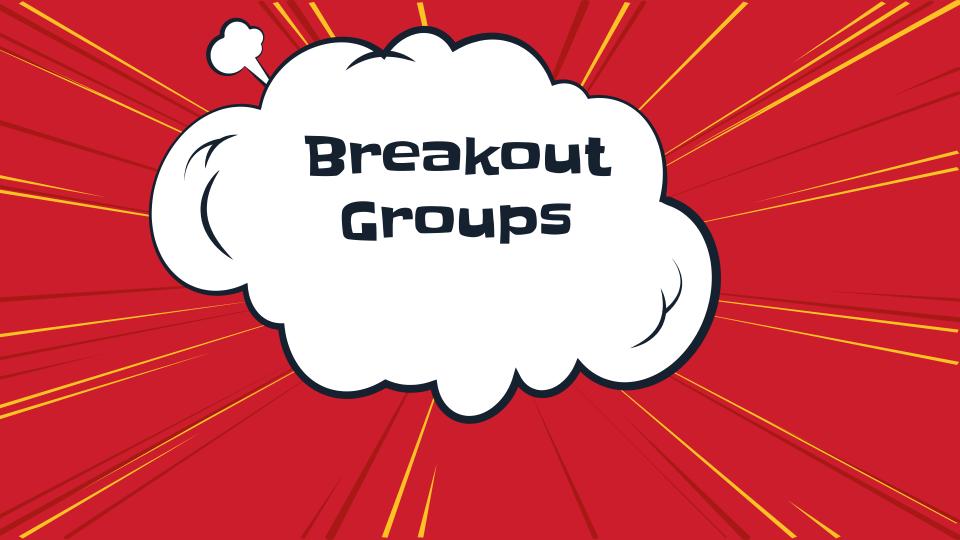


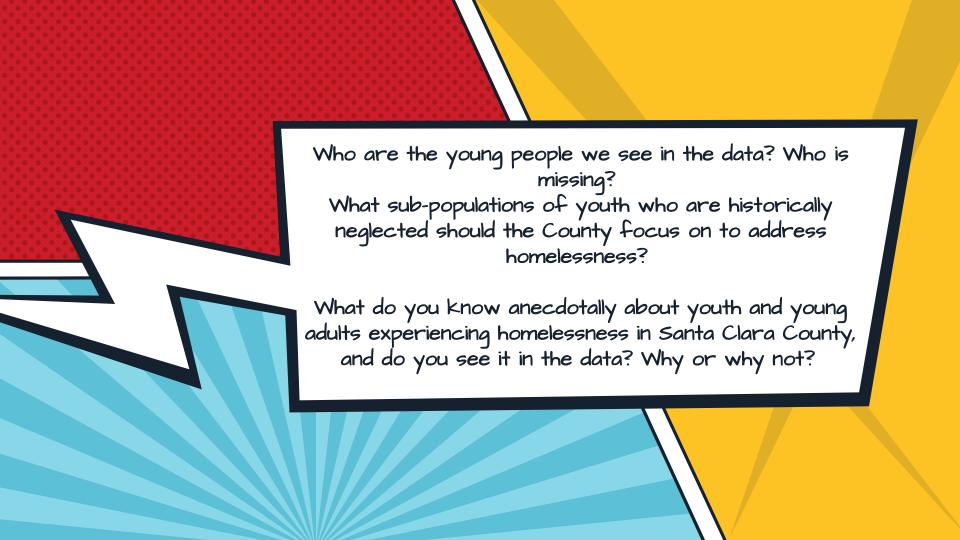




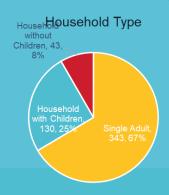
#### Self reported contributing factors to experiencing homelessness

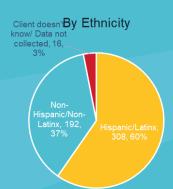
- kicked out or running away from the family home (55%) (a)
- family homelessness (13%) (a)
- interpersonal conflicts (25% for all, 51% for Black/African American youth) (b)
- family violence (38% for all, 46% for Black/African American youth) (b)
   job loss (23% for all, 37% for Black/African American youth, 19.2% for Hispanic/Latinx youth) (c)
- · alcohol/drug use (19% for all, 23.1% for Hispanic/Latinx youth) (c)
- San José's 2019 Homeless Youth Risk and Resiliency Survey 2021 HMIS data from VI-SPDAT assessments 2/2019 PIT

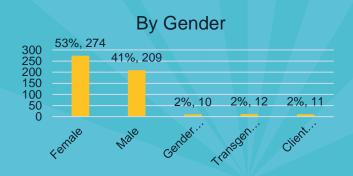


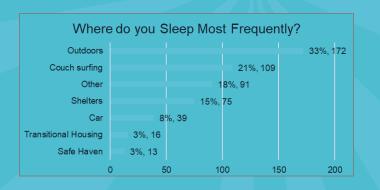


#### **YYA Experiencing Homelessness in SCC** VI-SPDAT: 9/1/20-8/31/21

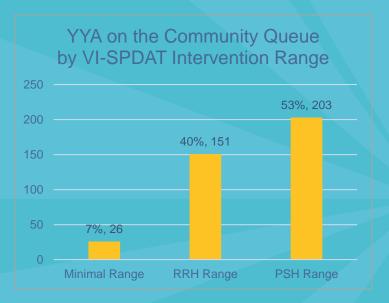








#### VISPDAT INTERVENTION RANGE



- System Capacity:

  1. Emergency Shelter 42 beds
- 2. THP (site based transitional housing) 81 households
- 3. THP+ 139 households
- 4. RRH 137 youth households (single and families)

# Answers in VISPDAT

All VI-SPDATs (Single, Family, Youth)	Count of YYA who responded YES	Percent
Homelessness caused by relationship issues	314	61%
Jail Background	204	40%
Formerly a ward of child welfare or foster care	166	32%
Attacked or beaten since homeless	154	30%
Pregnancy	80	16%
Domestic Violence background	73	14%

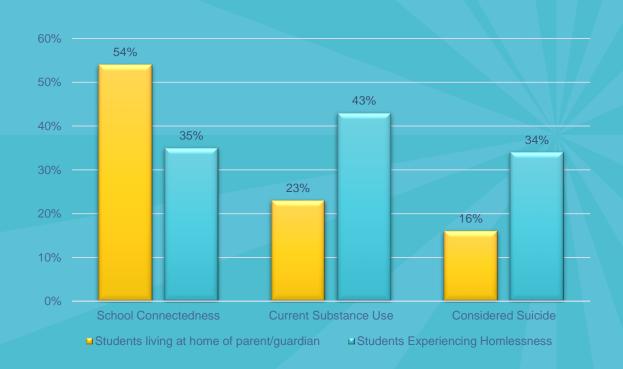
TAY VI-SPDAT Questions only	Count of YYA who responded YES	Percent
Homeless because family or friends	157	58%
Homeless because violence at home	110	40%
Marijuana Use	89	33%
Incarcerated when younger than age 18	72	26%
Homeless because religious or cultural differences	53	19%
Homeless because conflict gender ID or orientation	36	13%

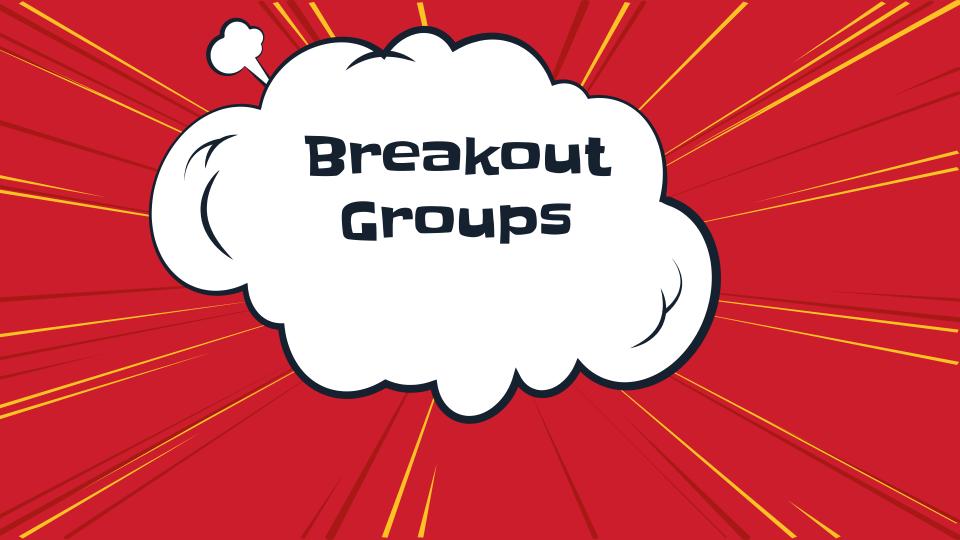
## Service Utilization for YYA

1/1/2021 - 12/15/2021

- 307 youth and young adults ages 18-24 are enrolled in emergency shelter
- YYA (18-24 age) represents 5% of the total emergency shelter population
- 50% female, 47% male, 3% transgender, non-binary, or gender expansive
- 74% are single adults, 26% are in household with children

# School Climate Study California - 2017-2019









#### What is Governance?

- The agreements, rules, processes, or policies that guide or direct a group of people, often providing written standards and oversight on how they make decisions and carry out their work or activities
- Not all governance structures are the same! Cities and counties, corporate boards, public schools, and homeless service systems all have their own forms of governance.
- Some forms of governance offer very few opportunities
   for public participation and decision-making and others offer lots.

## Why Does Governance Matter

- Because we aim to do transformational work. Sharing power with young people requires changing the decision-making process and shifting the power within the community.
- Because solutions to homelessness are only effective when those most impacted are leading. This means we need to not only invite people to the table, but also redistribute decision-making power.
- Because a strong governance structure help you address the system level challenges that individual organizations, coalitions, and agencies are otherwise unequipped to address on their own.
- Because we can work more effectively when we work with transparency and everyone understands their role in the decisionmaking process.

## HUD Expectations for Cocs and **YHDP**

The federal Continuum of Care (CoC) program requires communities create and write down a governance structure for how their communities make decisions about homelessness.

Your community is required to develop a governance structure and decision-making process for YHDP and include it in your Coordinated Community Plan (CCP). At a minimum, HUD will be looking for you to include an organization chart outlining the governance structure, including:
How decisions are made regarding YHDP funds
Who is involved in the decision-making



#### **Governance Structure:**

Santa Clara YAB currently has a Flat Leadership governance. Roles & responsibilities are equally divided among members and selected based on individual capacity.

Voting & Decision Making:
Majority consensus is required for votes affecting
YAB & related YAB work, more specifically YHDP
related work; further identified in Decision Making
Flow Chart Visual.



# YAB Decision Making Process Flow Visual **Majority Consensus** mission and vision, governance, scheduling regular Agreement of at least 2 YAB members



#### What is the Continuum of Care?



#### Coc Responsibilities and Duties





# Charter

# Coc Governance Charter

Roles and Responsibilities of:

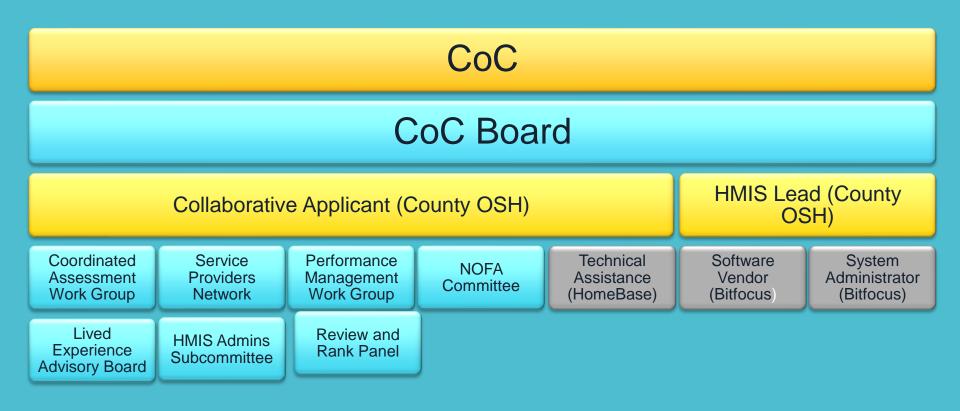
- CoC Membership
- CoC Board
- CoC Executive Committee
- CoC Workgroups
- Collaborative Applicant
- HMIS Administrator

Meeting Requirements

Conflict of Interest and Code of Conduct

Decision Making and Quorum

#### Santa Clara Coc Structure





### Board Membership

#### 4 Ex-officio

- County of Santa Clara
- City of San José
- Housing Authority
- Destination: Home

#### 3-7 At-large

- At least 1 with lived expertise (proposed change to at least 3 members with lived expertise)
- At least 2 representatives of service providing orgs in the CoC

### Coc Operations

#### COLLABORATIVE APPLICANT

- CoC Administration
- CoC Program Application
- · Performance Monitoring
- Coordinated Assessment
- CoC Planning

#### HMIS LEAD

- Implementing the HMIS
- Implementing the HMISMaintaining HMIS documents:
  - Governance agreement
  - Security Plan
  - Privacy Plan
  - Data Quality Plan
- O Policies and Procedures Monitoring compliance

### Workgroups



- Coordinated Assessment Work Group
- Performance Management Work Group
- Lived Experience Advisory Board
- HMIS Administrators
- NOFA Committee
- Rank and Review Panel
- Service Provider Network



# What is coming next!

- · Participation in continued work
- · Goal Planning (January 25th)
- System Modeling (February)YHDP Project Design (March)

## Data Working Group - we need you!

- HMIS Lead –Signed Up!
- Child WelfareData Expert
- Juvenile Justice
   Data

- Youth Centered Providers with Data beyond HMIS
- System Partners with Data (Health care, Etc.)

If interested, e-mail Jimmy Chan! Jimmy.chan@hhs.sccgov.org

## See You Then!

# Looking towards our next session

Date and time of next session:

JAN 25th-10AM

https://osh.sccgov.org/sites/g/files/exjcp b671/files/yhdp\_community\_meetings\_fly er.pdf